## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA FLORENCE DIVISION

Lorenzo Leevern Sumter,	)	Civil Action No.: 4:15-cv-04187-RBH
Plaintiff, v.	)	
	)	ORDER
	)	
Helen Cain-1046,	)	
Defendant.	)	

Plaintiff Lorenzo Leevern Sumter, a state prisoner proceeding pro se, filed a complaint pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 against the above named Defendant alleging violations of his constitutional rights.

See ECF No. 1. The matter is before the Court for review of the Report and Recommendation (R & R) of United States Magistrate Judge Thomas E. Rogers, III, made in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Rule 73.02 for the District of South Carolina. See R & R, ECF No. 24. The Magistrate Judge recommends the Court summarily dismiss Plaintiff's complaint without prejudice.

R & R at 5.

The Magistrate Judge makes only a recommendation to this Court. The recommendation has no presumptive weight, and the responsibility to make a final determination remains with this Court. *See Mathews v. Weber*, 423 U.S. 261, 270-71 (1976). The Court is charged with making a de novo determination of those portions of the R & R to which specific objection is made, and the Court may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the recommendation of the Magistrate Judge or recommit

The Magistrate Judge reviewed Plaintiff's complaint pursuant to the screening provisions of 28 U.S.C. §§ 1915(e)(2) and 1915A. The Court is mindful of its duty to liberally construe the pleadings of pro se litigants. See Gordon v. Leeke, 574 F.2d 1147, 1151 (4th Cir. 1978). But see Beaudett v. City of Hampton, 775 F.2d 1274, 1278 (4th Cir. 1985) ("Principles requiring generous construction of pro se complaints are not, however, without limits. Gordon directs district courts to construe pro se complaints liberally. It does not require those courts to conjure up questions never squarely presented to them.").

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the matter with instructions. See 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1).

Plaintiff has not filed objections to the R & R. In the absence of objections to the R & R, the

Court is not required to give any explanation for adopting the Magistrate Judge's recommendations.

See Camby v. Davis, 718 F.2d 198, 199-200 (4th Cir. 1983). The Court reviews only for clear error in

the absence of an objection. See Diamond v. Colonial Life & Acc. Ins. Co., 416 F.3d 310, 315 (4th Cir.

2005) (stating that "in the absence of a timely filed objection, a district court need not conduct de novo

review, but instead must 'only satisfy itself that there is no clear error on the face of the record in order

to accept the recommendation" (quoting Fed. R. Civ. P. 72 advisory committee's note)).

After a thorough review of the record in this case, the Court finds no clear error. Accordingly,

the Court adopts and incorporates by reference the R & R [ECF No. 24] of the Magistrate Judge. It is

therefore **ORDERED** that Plaintiff's complaint is **DISMISSED** without prejudice and without issuance

of service of process.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Florence, South Carolina

February 3, 2016

s/ R. Bryan Harwell

R. Bryan Harwell

United States District Judge

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